IN THE CLAIMS

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- 1-41. (Canceled)
- 42. (Previously Presented) A method for treating cancer, comprising: administering to a human subject an effective amount for treating cancer of a CpG immunostimulatory oligonucleotide having at least one unmethylated CpG dinucleotide, wherein at least one nucleotide of the stabilized CpG immunostimulatory oligonucleotide has a phosphate backbone modification and wherein the oligonucleotide is 8 to 100 nucleotides in length, wherein the phosphate backbone modification is a phosphorothicate modification.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, further comprising administering a chemotherapeutic agent.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, further comprising administering a cancer immunotherapeutic agent.
 - 45. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the cancer is brain cancer.
 - 46. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the cancer is lung cancer.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the cancer is ovarian cancer.
 - 48. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the cancer is breast cancer.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.
 - 50. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the cancer is colon cancer.

- - (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the cancer is leukemia. 51.

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- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the cancer is carcinoma. 52.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the cancer is sarcoma. 53.
- 54-58. (Canceled)
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the CpG 59 immunostimulatory oligonucleotide comprises:

wherein X1X2 and X3X4 are nucleotides.

- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein X3X4 are nucleotides 60. selected from the group consisting of: TpT, and TpC.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein X1X2 are GpA and X3X4 are 61. TpT.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein X1X2 are both purines and 62. X₃X₄ are both pyrimidines.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein X1X2 are GpA and X3X4 are 63. both pyrimidines.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein the oligonucleotide is 8 to 40 nucleotides in length.

- 65. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein 5' X_1 X_2CGX_3 X_4 3' is not palindromic.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the CpG immunostimulatory oligonucleotide includes at least two CpG motifs.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 66, wherein at least one
 of the at least two CpG motifs is not palindromic.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the oligonucleotide is administered prior to a chemotherapy.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the oligonucleotide is administered subcutaneously.
 - 70. (Canceled).
- (Previously Presented) A method for treating non small cell lung carcinoma (NSCLC) in a human subject, comprising

administering to a human subject having NSCLC an effective amount to treat NSCLC of an immunostimulatory oligonucleotide that includes at least one unmethylated CpG dinucleotide, wherein the immunostimulatory oligonucleotide includes a phosphate backbone modification and, wherein the oligonucleotide is 8 to 100 nucleotides in length, wherein the phosphate backbone modification is a phosphorothioate modification.

 (Previously Presented) The method of claim 71, further comprising administering a chemotherapeutic agent.

- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 71, further comprising administering an 73. immunotherapeutic agent.

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- 74. (Canceled).
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 71, wherein the oligonucleotide is 8 to 75. 40 nucleotides in length.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 71, wherein the CpG 76. immunostimulatory oligonucleotide includes at least two CpG motifs.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 76, wherein at least one 77. of the at least two CpG motifs is not palindromic.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 71, wherein the 78. oligonucleotide is administered subcutaneously.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 71, further comprising administering an 79. antigen.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, further comprising administering an 80. antigen.